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## WILLKIE FARR & GALLAGHER

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August 13, 2003

Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20554 Ex Parte Notice

Re: Carnage of Digital Television Broadcast Signals, CS Docket No 98-120

(also CS Docket Nos. 00-96 and 00-2).

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On Tuesday, August 12, representatives of Comcast Corporation met with Commissioner Abernathy and her Legal Advisor, Stacy Robinson, to discuss the above-captioned proceeding Comcast was represented by James R. Coltharp, Chief Policy Advisor, FCC & Regulatory Policy, and the undersigned.

We stressed that the Commission's evaluation of broadcasters' demands for expanded mustcarry rights must begin with an analysis of the applicable statute. Section 614(b)(3)(A) of the Communications Act entitles a broadcaster only to carriage of its "primary video . . . transmission," but the current proceeding is focusing on the extent to which broadcasters should have additional carriage rights -- either in the form of compulsory cable carriage of both analog and digital broadcast signals ("dual" must-carry) or compulsory cable carriage of multiple broadcast program streams ("multicast" must-carry) We further observed that the Commission's judgments should be informed not only by the statute's text, history, structure, and purpose but also by its duty to respect, and avoid conflicts with, cable operators' rights under the First and Fifth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution. (We also suggested that the statutory analysis take into account the Commission's experience with collocation and TELRIC, the former because judicial rulings have repeatedly constrained FCC efforts to allow one party to occupy another party's private property, even with compensation, and the latter because, in contrast to the pricing of unbundled network elements, must-carry allows a broadcaster to occupy the private property of a cable operator without compensation.) We highlighted ways in which the mustcarry requirements now under consideration would differ from -- and therefore deserve much less judicial deference than -- the analog must-carry requirement (confined to a single "primary video . . . transmission") that won affirmance, by the narrowest possible margin, in the Supreme Court's Turner Il decision. Finally, we discussed Comcast's progress in rolling out high-definition service in 21 major markets, its progress in accelerating system upgrades that will enable (among other things) the offering

Marlene H. Dortch August 13, 2003 Page 2

of high-definition services in numerous additional markets, and Comcast's continuing progress in reaching voluntary HDTV carriage agreements with numerous local broadcasters, including more than 20 public broadcasting stations. We summarized other arguments presented in the reply comments Comcast filed in the dockets listed above on August 21, 2001, and provided both Commissioner Abernathy and Ms. Robinson with copies of the summary that was appended to our ex parte report of July 30, 2003.

This letter is filed pursuant to Section 1.1206(b)(2) of the Commission's rules. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Respectfully submitted,

James L. Casserly

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cc. Commissioner Kathleen Abernathy Stacy Robinson